Structure and Dynamics of Clathrate Hydrates

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FOR SCIENCE

Mark Johnson





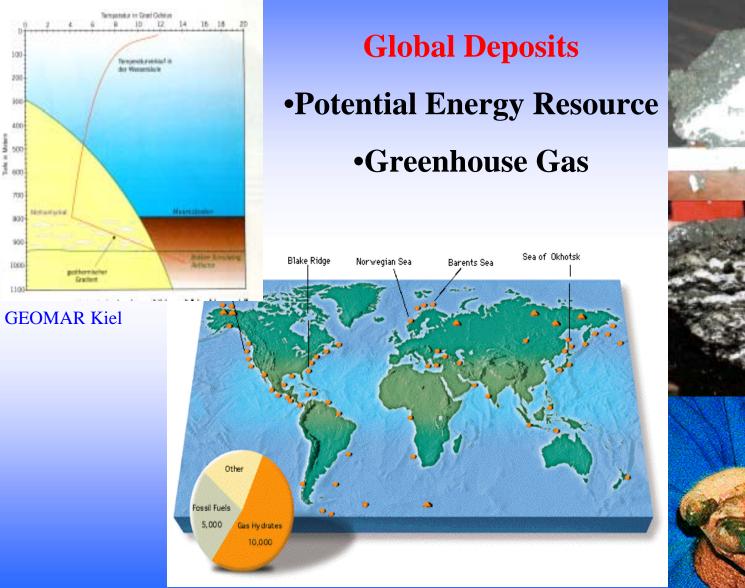
ch Conseil national de recherches Canada



Julian Baumert ILL / University Kiel



Natural Gas Hydrates





Projects and Methods

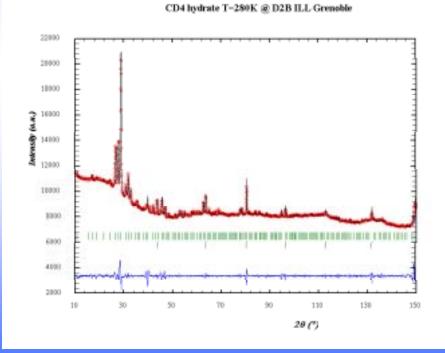
Structure •Diffraction under Natural Conditions (T=260-280 K, P=30-100 bar) •Cage Deformations close to the Stability Limit Dynamics and Guest-Host Coupling •Density of State measured with Inelastic Neutron Scattering •Velocity of Sound and Dispersion Relation

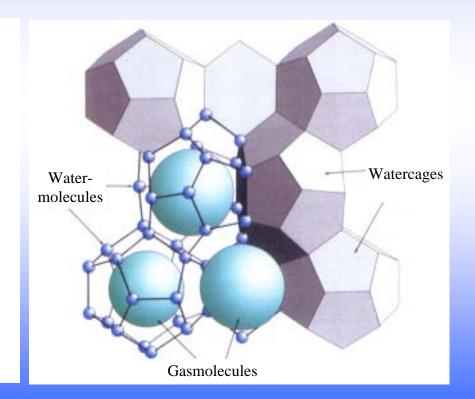
Development of an optimised Sample Environment

Explanations through Computational Modelling

Structure under Geological Conditions

Sample: $CD_4 - D_2O$ Pressure: 100 barTemperature: 280 K

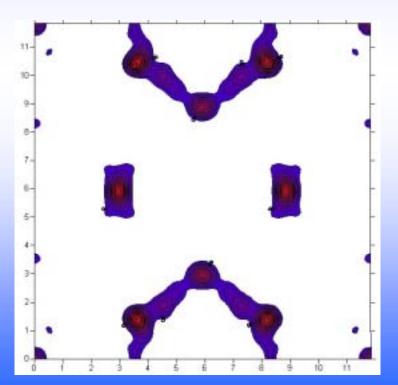




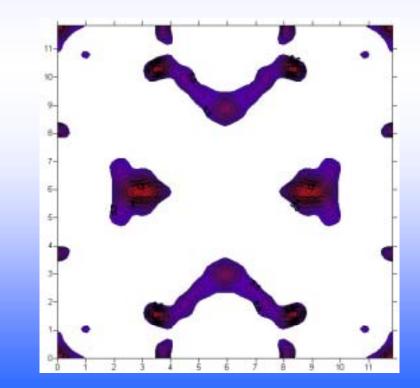
Structure under Geological Conditions

Sample: CD₄ - D₂O Pressure: 100 bar Temperature: 280 K

T = 2 K



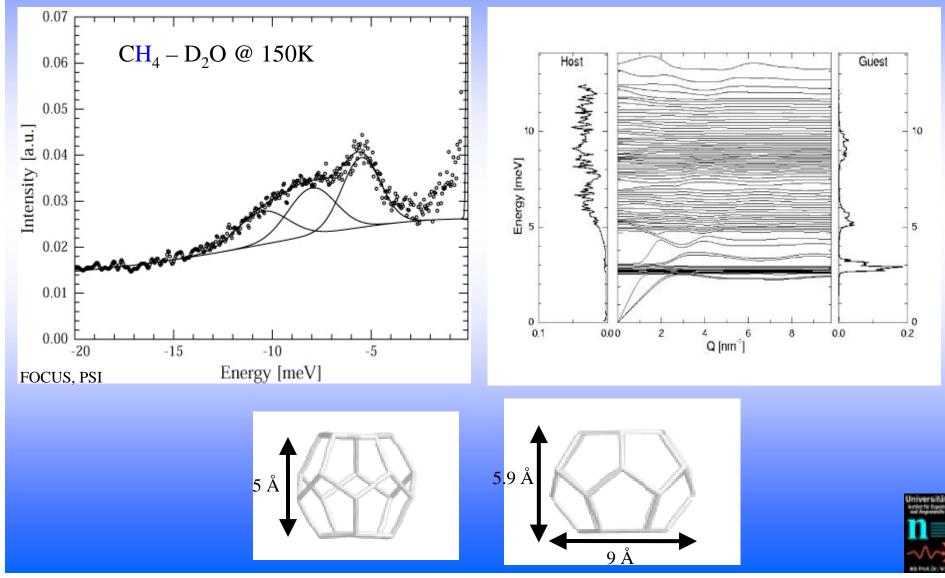
T = 280 K



Guest-Host Coupling

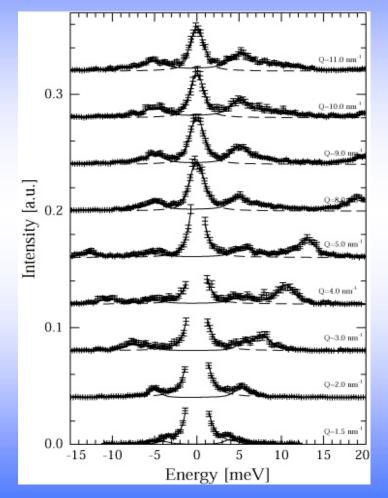
INS Experiment





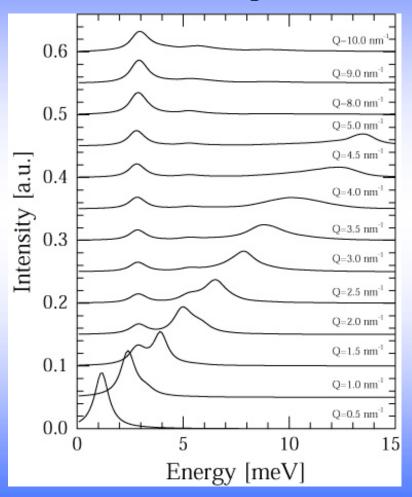
IXS Spectra of Methane Hydrate

IXS Experiment



Exp. Resolution: 0.75 meV

Theor. IXS Spectra



Theor. Resolution: 0.5 meV



Optimised Sample Environment

Conclusions

Computational Modelling

 Structure
Diffraction under Natural Conditions

 (T=260-280 K, P=100 bar)

Cage Deformations close to the Stability Limit Dynamics and Guest-Host Coupling •Density of State measured with Inelastic Neutron Scattering •Velocity of Sound and Dispersion Relation measured with Inelastic X-Ray Scattering