

Materials Physics in Space and ground-based Research with X-rays and Neutrons

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*since 10/2021 seconded to ILL



HELMHOLTZ
RESEARCH FOR GRAND CHALLENGES

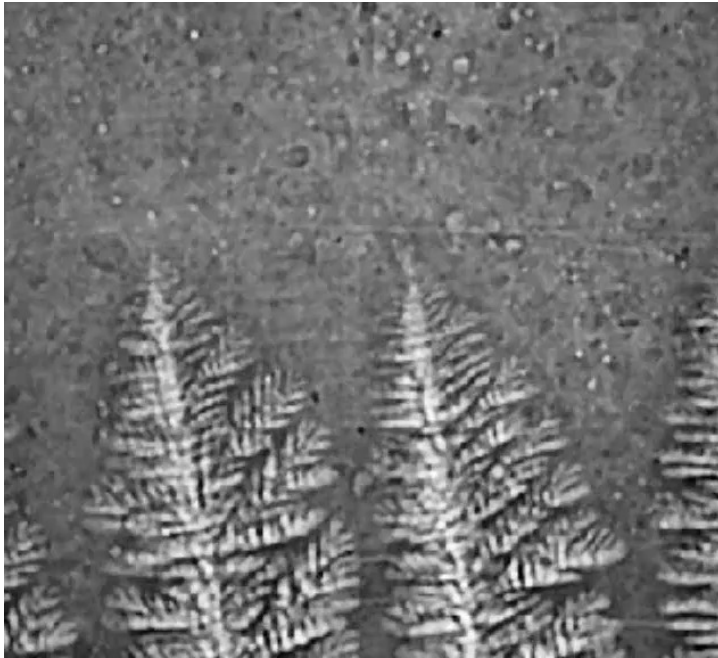
Knowledge for Tomorrow



Materials Design from the Melt

solidification and microstructure formation in alloys

- develop an in-depth understanding of morphological transitions by in-situ *experiments under well defined conditions* on ground and in space



dendrite growth in Al-Cu at ESRF:
R. Mathiesen et al. NTNU

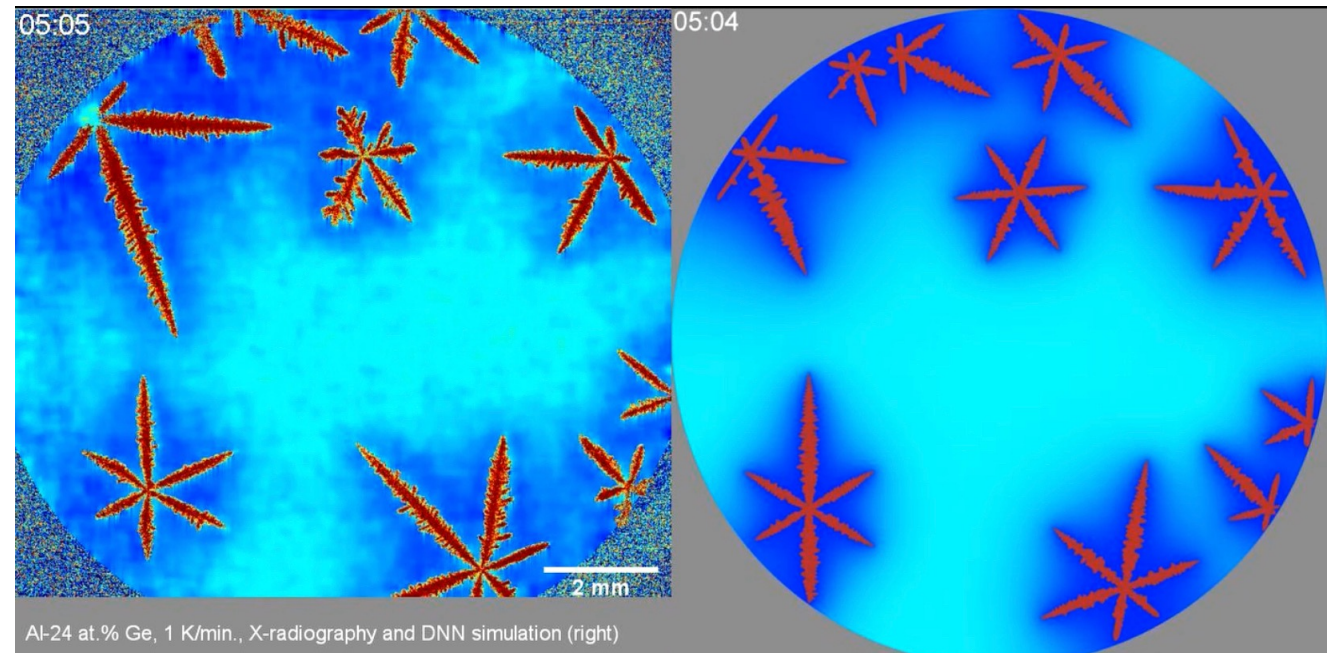
Materials Design from the Melt

solidification and microstructure formation in alloys

- develop an in-depth understanding of morphological transitions by in-situ *experiments under well defined conditions* on ground and in space
- requires an understanding of the liquid state including measurements of *accurate transport coefficients*



Materials Science Lab (ESA-MICAST – ISS)

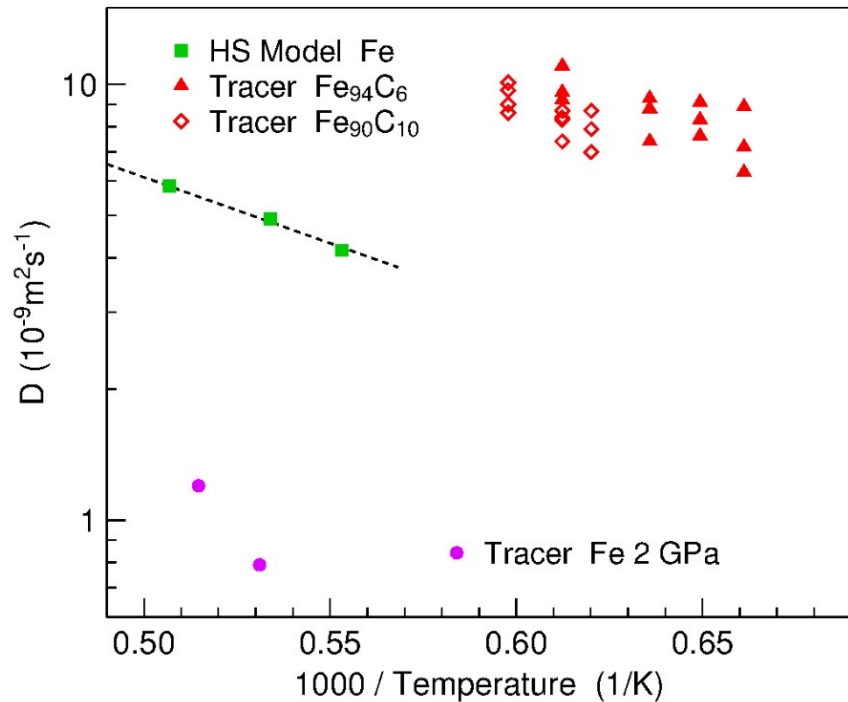


Al-24 at.% Ge, 1 K/min., X-radiography and DNN simulation (right)

X-ray radiography and modeling of diffusion controlled growth

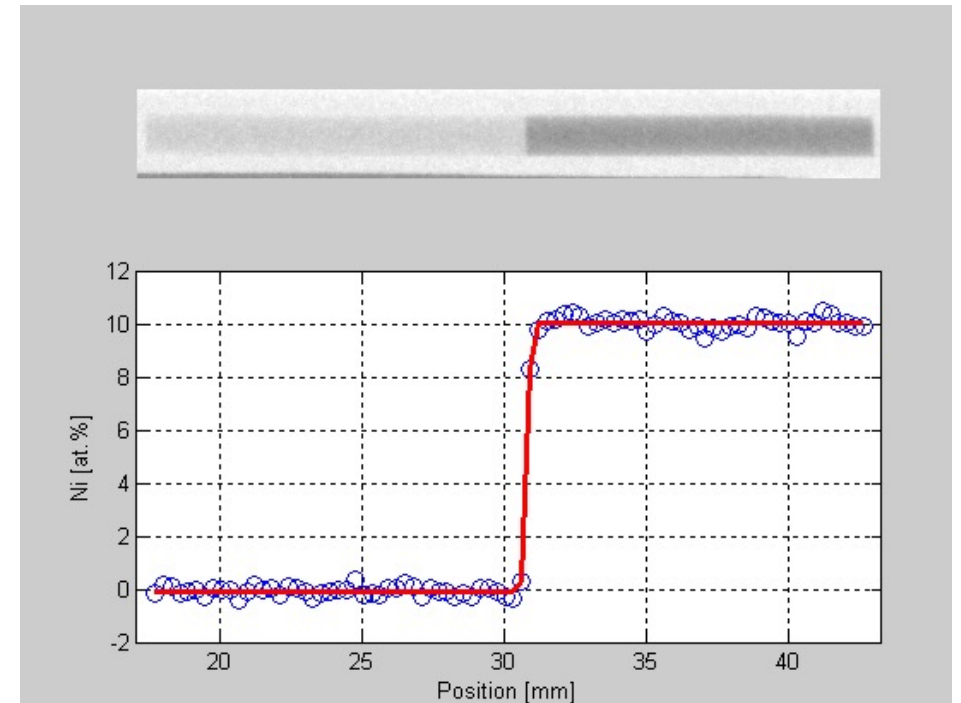
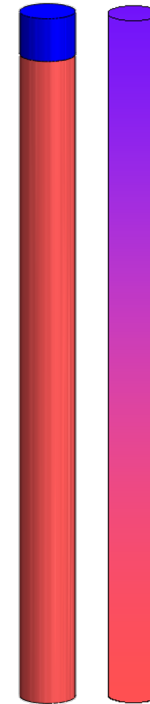
Measurement of Self- and Interdiffusion Coefficients

long-capillary set-up with ex-situ analysis versus in-situ experiments



⁵⁹Fe tracer

Yang et al.
Trans. AIME
1956

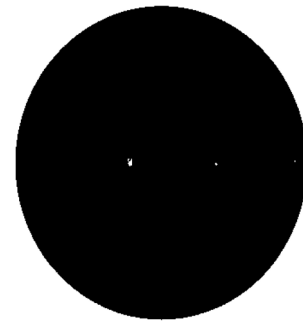
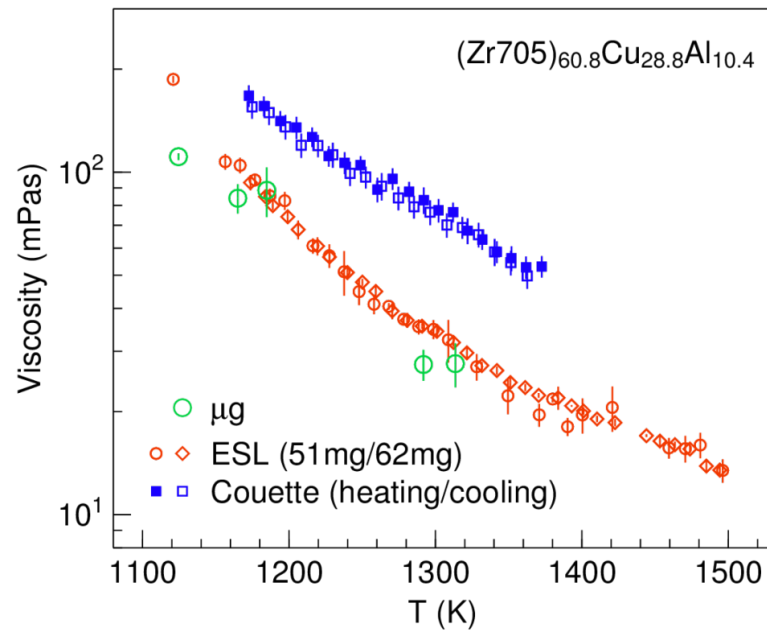


Zhang, Griesche, Meyer, Phys. Rev. Lett. (2013)

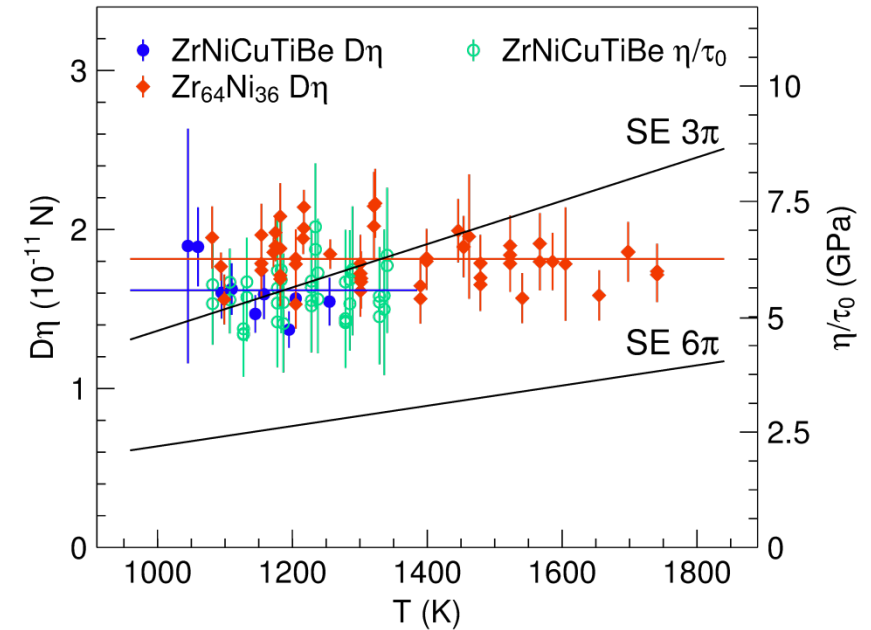
- classical long-capillary experiments: data hampered by melting, convection, solidification
- *accurate values with in-situ techniques*: quasielastic neutron scattering (QENS) and X-ray radiography

Accurate Viscosity Data of Liquid Alloys

ElectroStatic (ESL) and ElectroMagnetic (EML) Levitation



freely suspended oscillating droplet

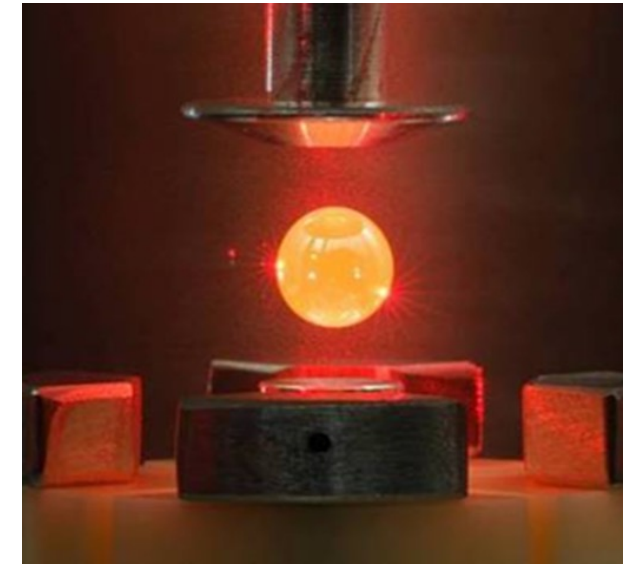
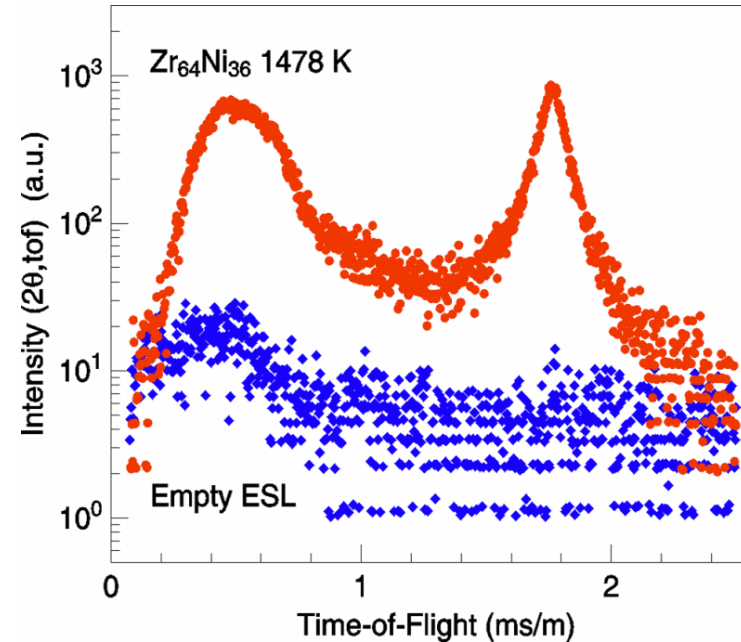
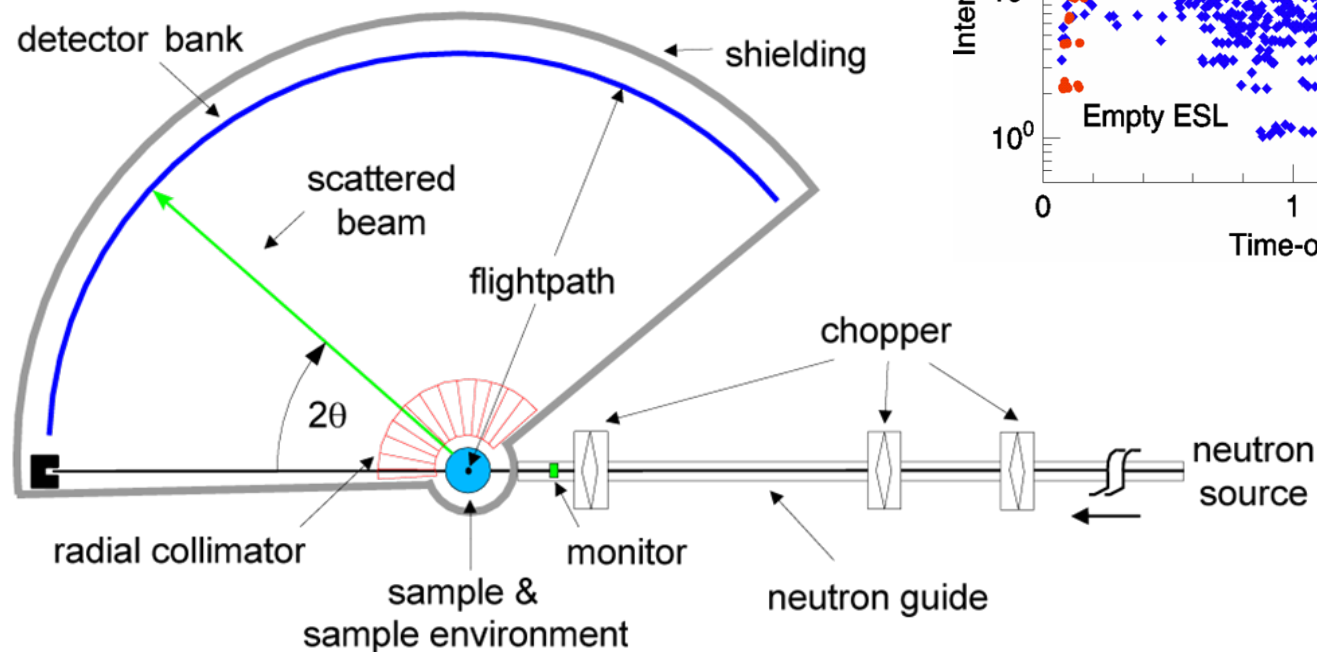


- new ESL technique → accurate viscosity data; μg EML experiments to validate technique
- accurate data: self diffusion D times viscosity $\eta \sim \text{const.}$ not $D \cdot \eta \propto kT$
- *Stokes-Einstein relation not valid* in dense metallic liquids:
→ structural relaxation dominates diffusion D and viscosity η

Quasielastic Neutron Scattering on Levitated Droplets

time-of-flight spectroscopy

measurement of atomic dynamics
on an *absolute scale*



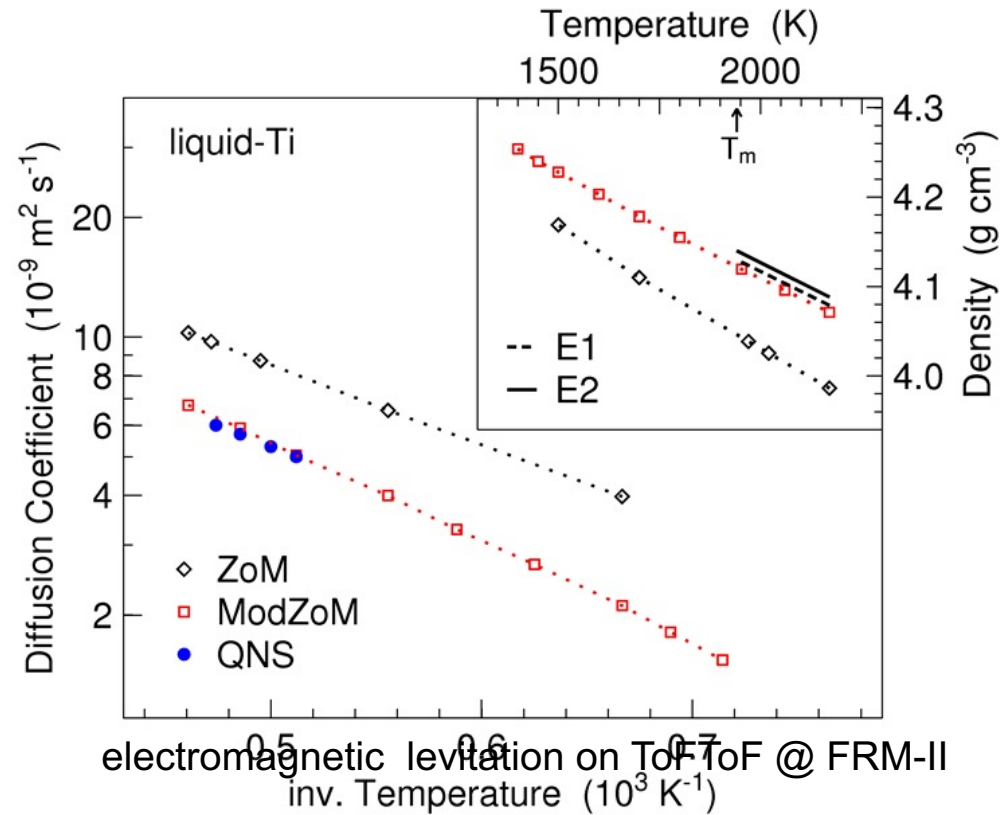
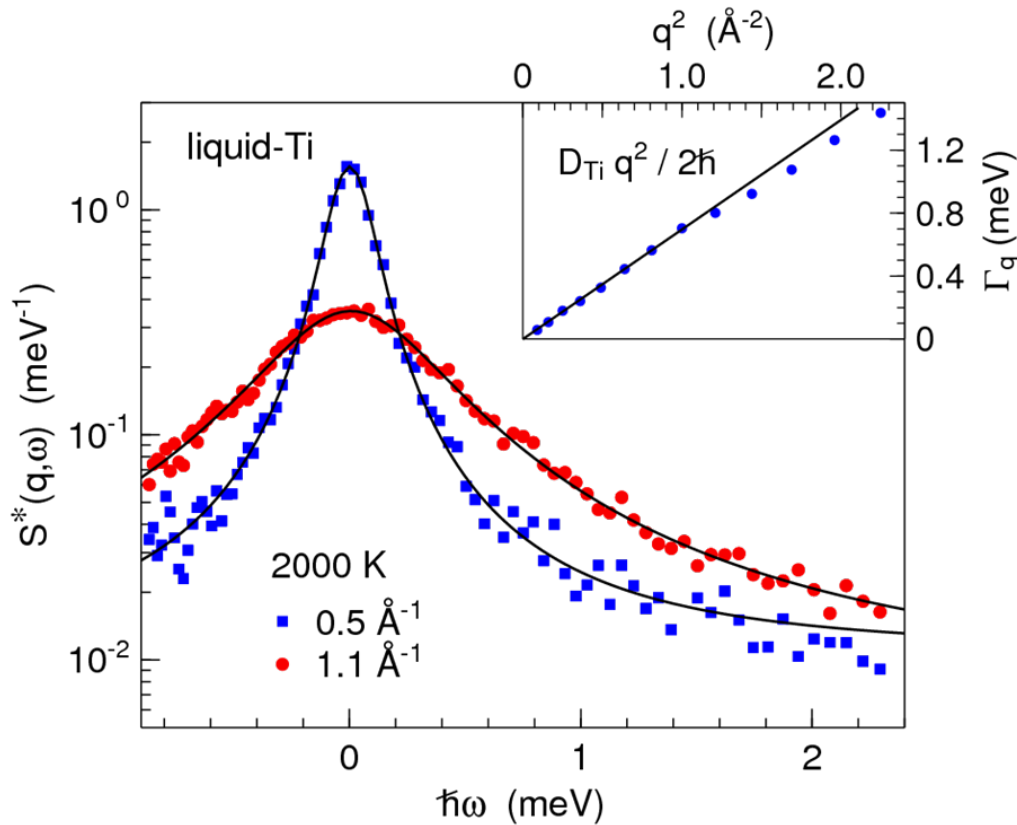
electrostatic levitation

access to:

- chemical reactive samples
- extreme temperatures
- undercooling

Quasielastic Neutron Scattering on Levitated Droplets

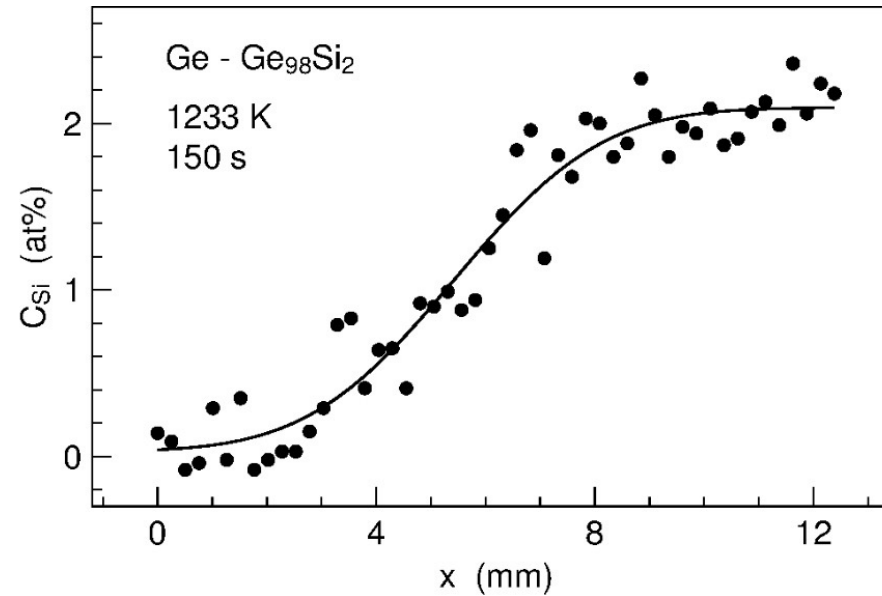
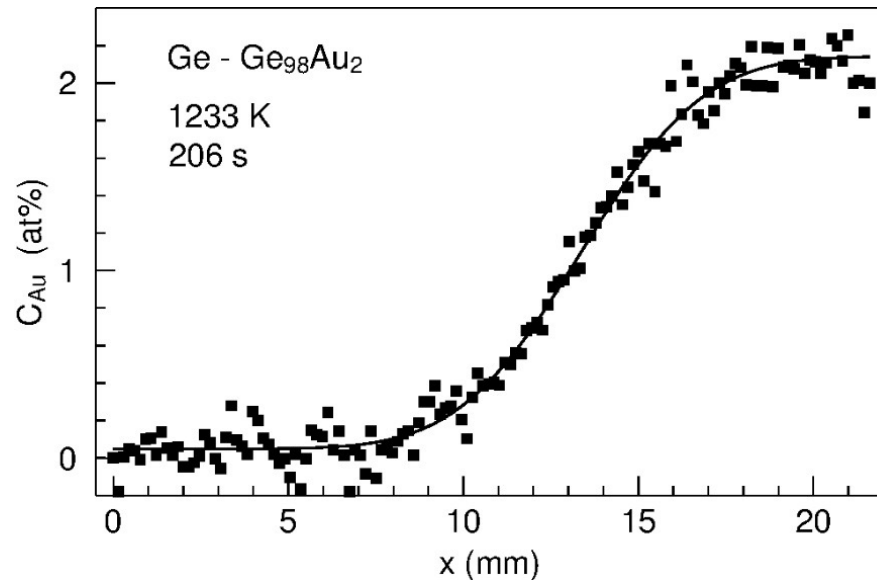
time-of-flight spectroscopy



- small q : QENS signal dominated by *incoherent* scattering
- *rescaling* of MD interaction potential with diffusion data:
good agreement with density, thermal expansion, melting point

Diffusion of Minor Additions to Liquid Germanium

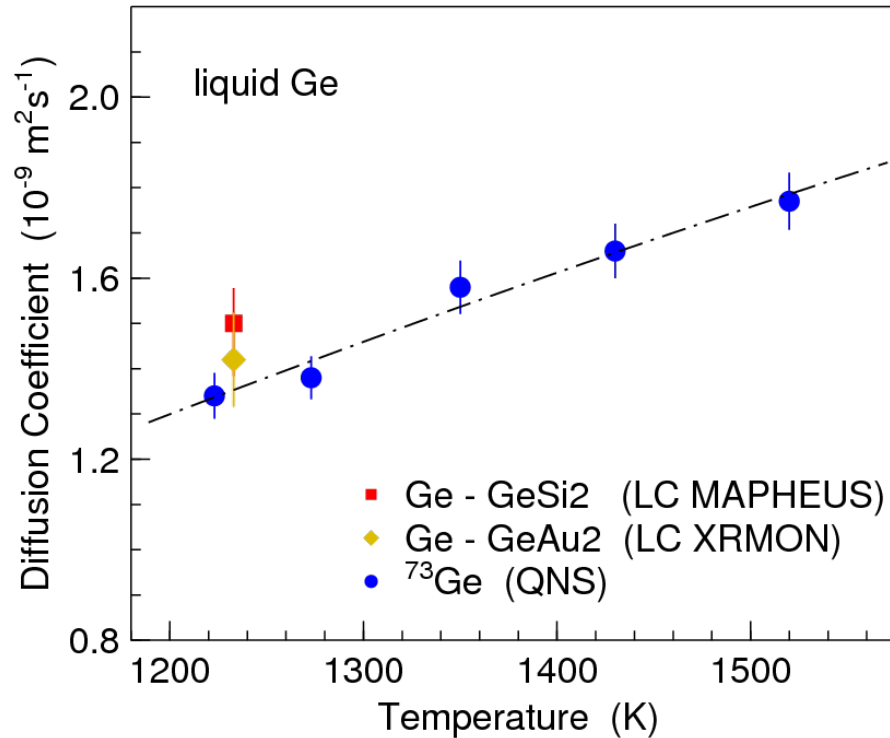
QENS, X-ray radiography, sounding rocket experiment



- crystalline Ge and Si: diffusion coefficients of minor additions differ by orders of magnitude
- behavior in loosely packed liquid Ge and Si ?
- *kinetic theories* of diffusion in the liquid state: size and *mass dependence*
- stable density layering suppresses buoyancy driven convection in Ge-Au (LC with X-ray radiography)
 ➡ does not hold for Ge-Si (MAPHEUS experiment)

Diffusion of Minor Additions in Liquid Germanium

QENS, X-ray radiography, sounding rocket experiment



Darken:

$$D_{AB} = (N_A D_B + N_B D_A) \Phi$$

toward small concentration N_A :

D_{AB} similar equal D_A

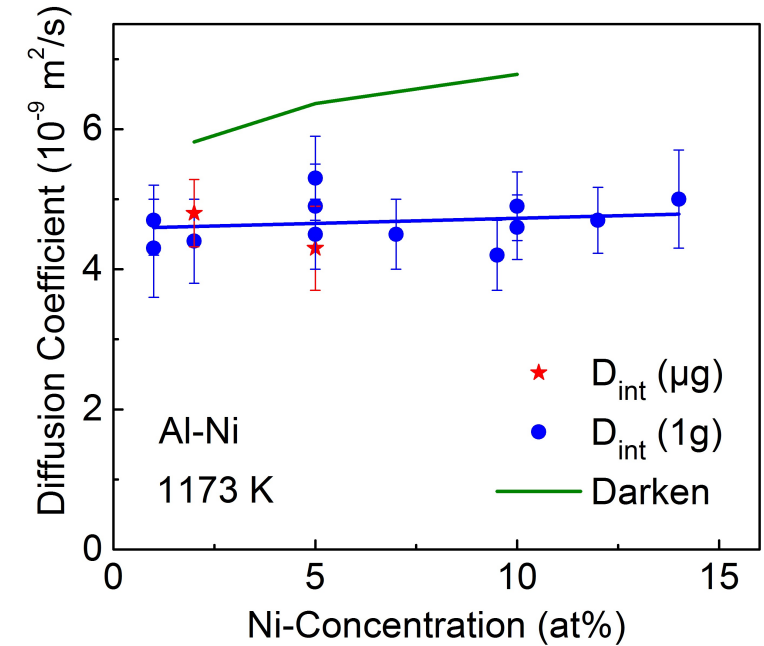
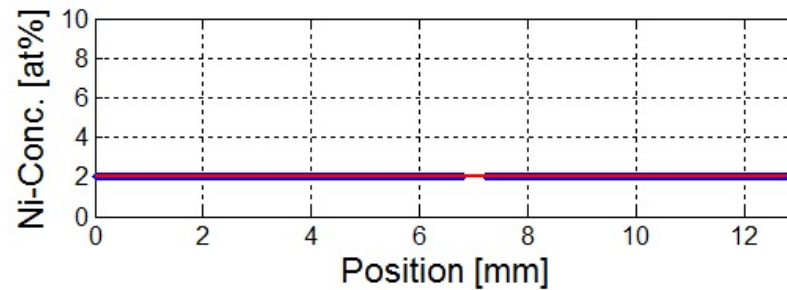
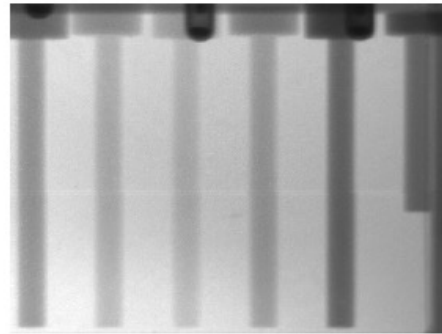
- pure liquid Germanium: fast diffusion on $10^{-8} \text{ m}^2 \text{ s}^{-1}$ and small activation energy (0.16 eV)
- $\text{Ge}_{98} - \text{Si}(\text{Au})_2$ alloys: similar diffusion coefficients for Ge self diffusion and diffusion of Si or Au
- *no dependence* of mass (difference of factor seven) and size (within error bars)

Accurate Diffusion Data by in-situ Techniques

Darken's Equation for self- and interdiffusion



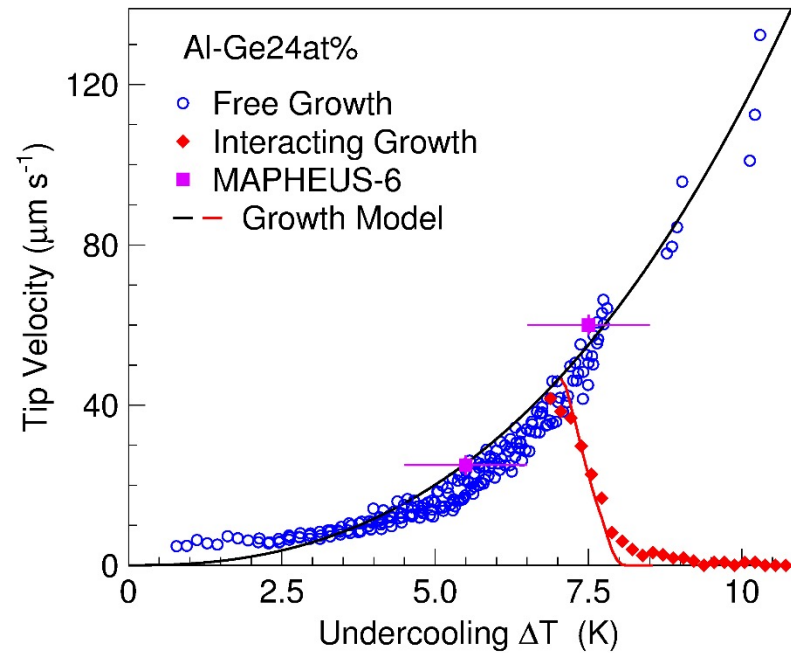
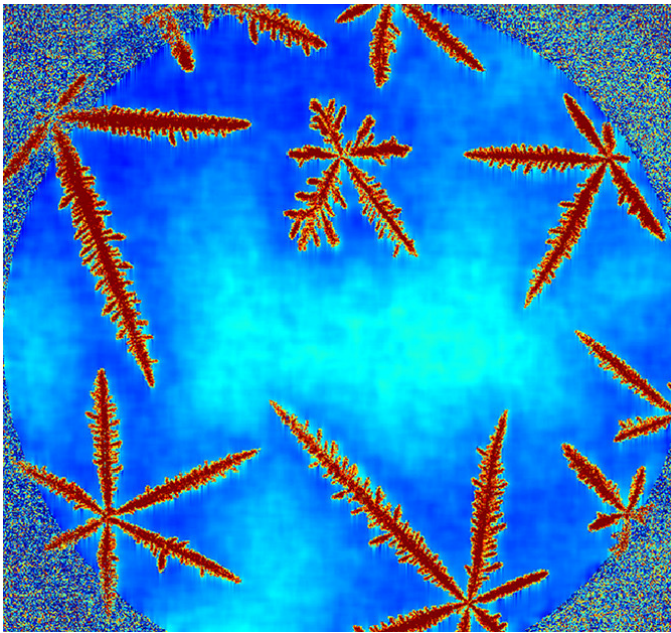
compact and X-ray transparent
1500°C shear-cell furnace



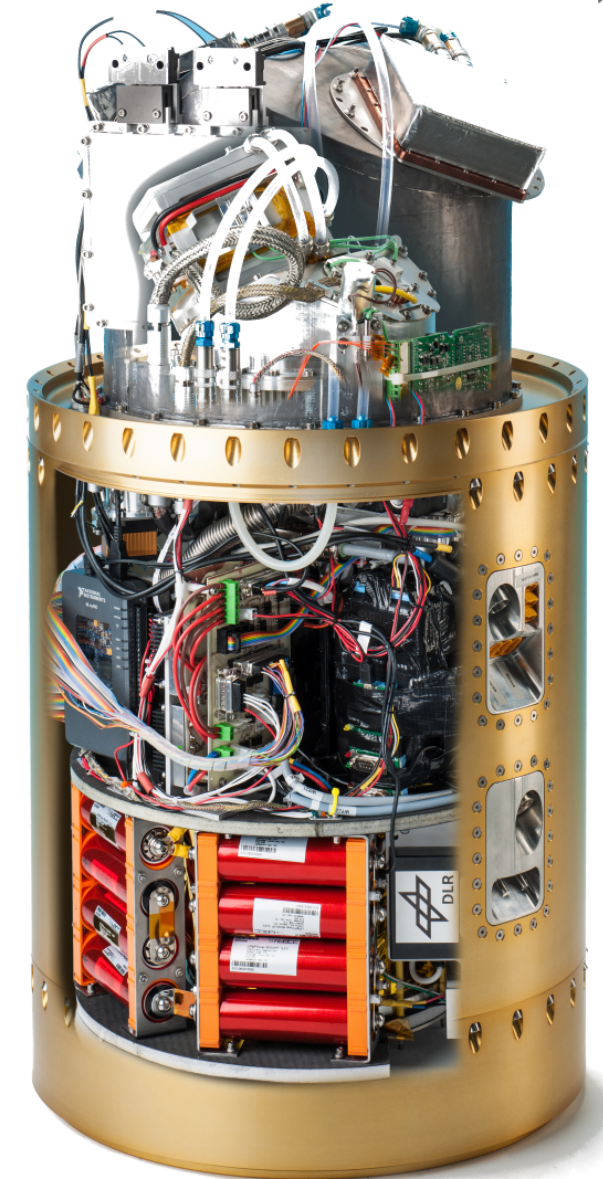
- microgravity data on MAPHEUS *confirm* ground-based experiments
- diffusion in Al-rich Al-Ni constant up to 14 at. % Ni
→ *Darken's* relation of self- and interdiffusion: *oversimplified* even at small concentrations

Equiaxed Dendritic Growth in Al-Ge alloys

solutal field evolution and neighbor interacted growth



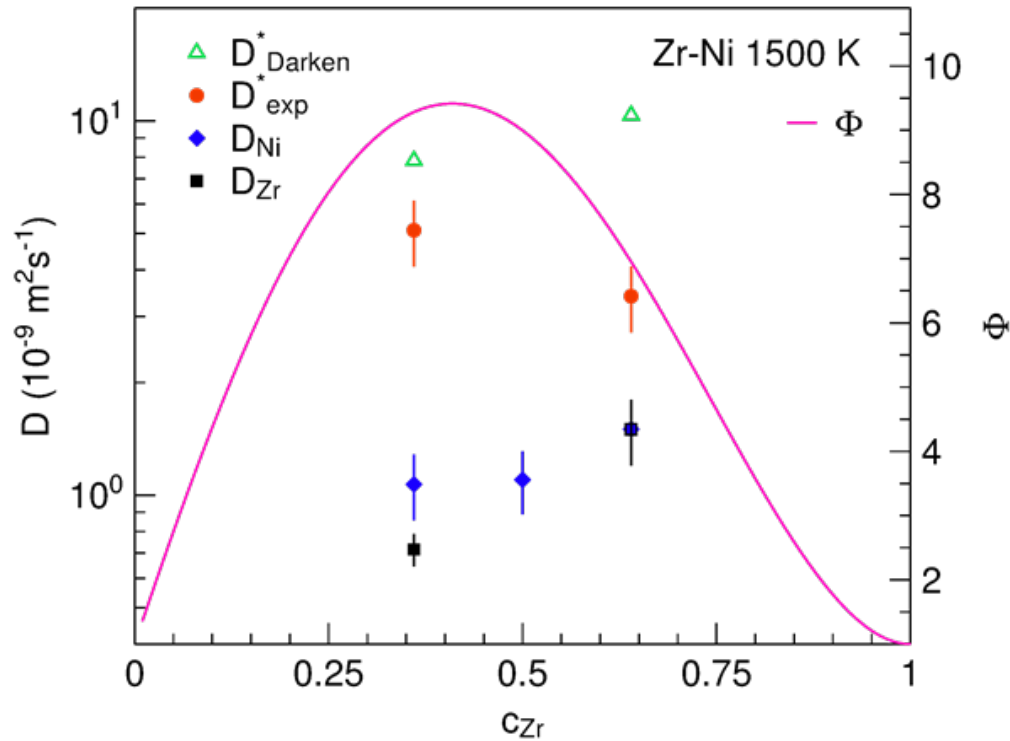
- MAPHEUS-06: *diffusive conditions* in horizontal samples in 1g
- *quantitative determination* of solutal field evolution enabled test of general accepted dendrite growth models
- tip velocities for large undercoolings compare well with 3D models



MAPHEUS X-ray module

Self- and Interdiffusion in Zr-Ni melts

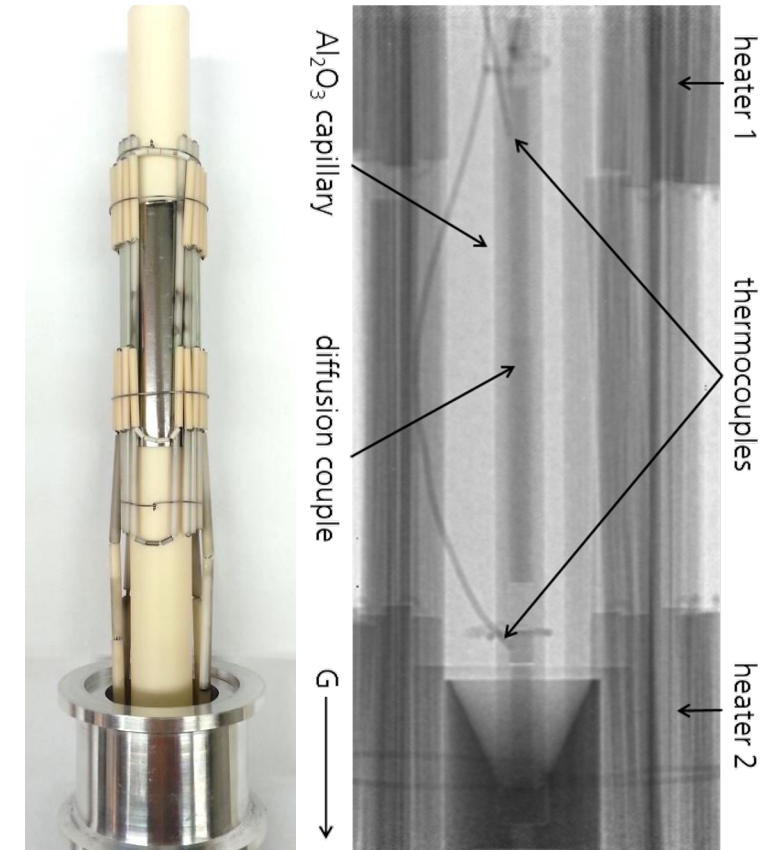
in-situ measurements with X-ray and neutron radiography, and radio tracer experiments



Darken:
 $D_{AB} = (N_A D_B + N_B D_A) \Phi$

thermodynamic factor Φ
 (Ghosh 1994)

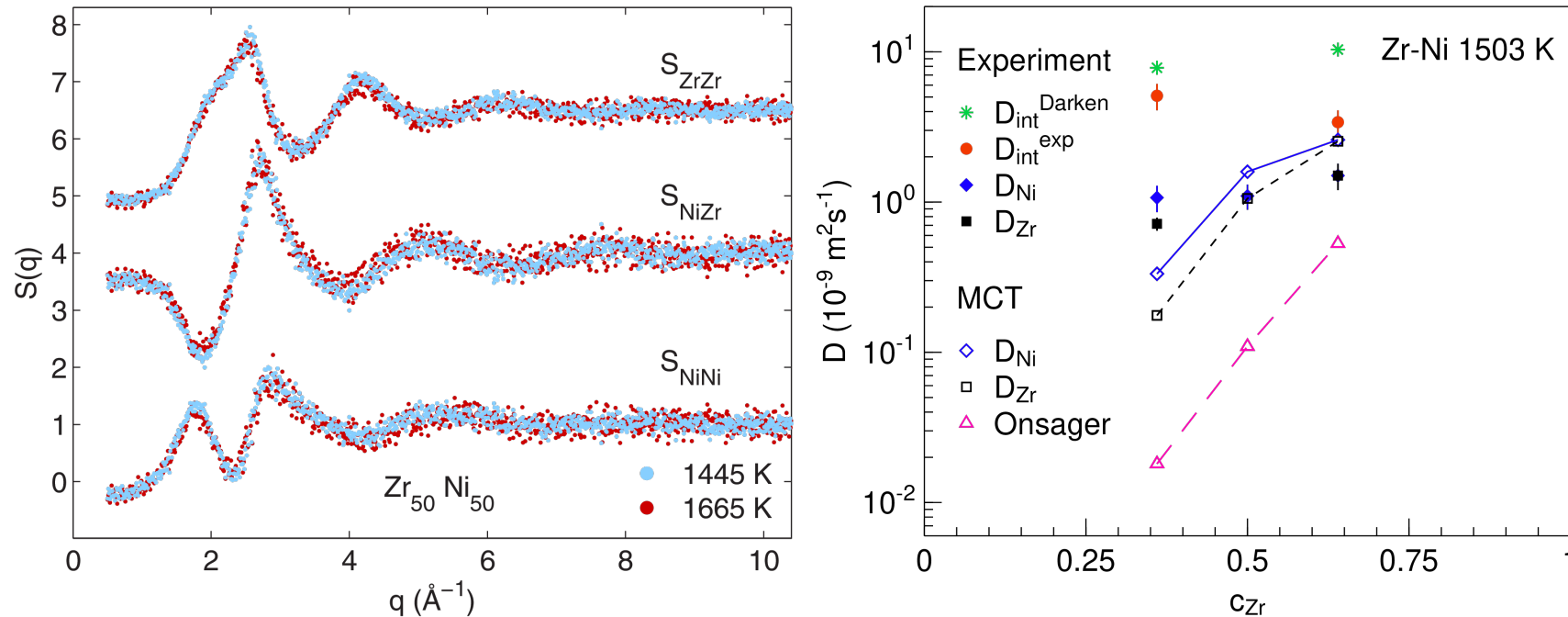
- *Darken overestimates* interdiffusion values by about factor 2 – 3
- interdiffusion slightly larger than Ni self diffusion
- ratio of self- and interdiffusion in *good agreement with MCT predictions*



neutron radiography at ANTARES

Predicting Diffusion Coefficients from Microscopic Structure

Mode Coupling Theory (MCT) using experimentally measured structure factors



- neutron diffraction (D20) + isotopes \rightarrow partial structure factors = input to theory
- MCT predicts *structure–dynamics relations*: relations between diffusion and inter-diffusion coefficients
- rationalize *mixing effects* between dynamics and thermodynamics, test empirical relations (Darken)

Nowak, Holland-Moritz, Yang, Voigtmann, Kordel, Hansen, Meyer, Phys. Rev. Mater. (2017)
 Yang, Heintzmann, Kargl, Binder, Nowak, Schillinger, Voigtmann, Meyer, PRB (2018)



compact, robust, plug&play ESL for neutron/X-ray scattering

Electromagnetic Levitation in Parabolic Flight

TEMPUS



Parabolic Flight Campaign, Paderborn September 2020

Parabolic Flights – Airbus 300/320 operated by NOVESPACE

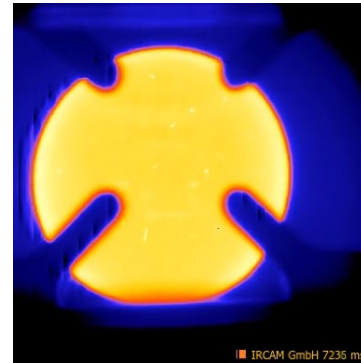
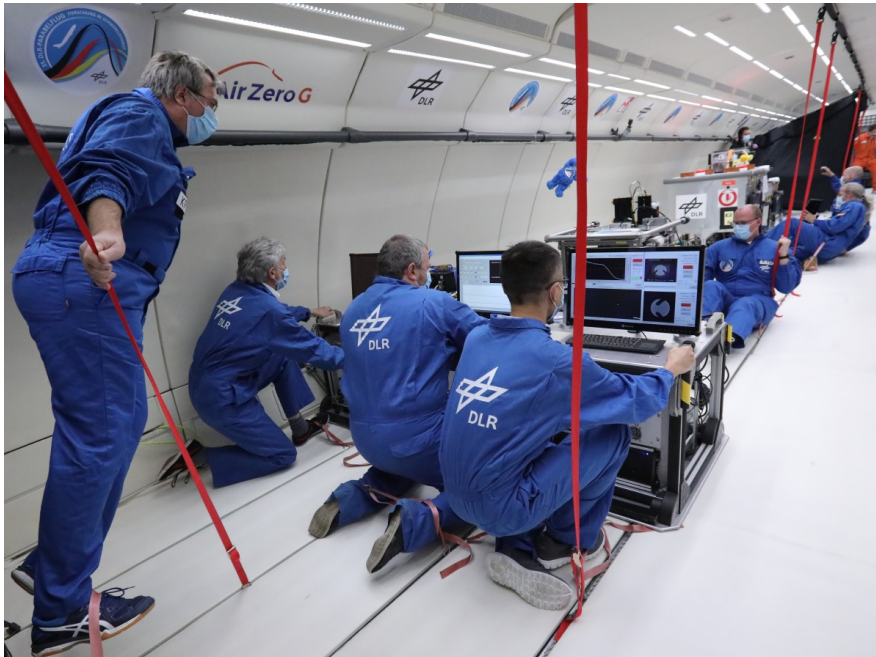


ESL positioning system tests for MAPHEUS
Neumann, Jonas, Meyer

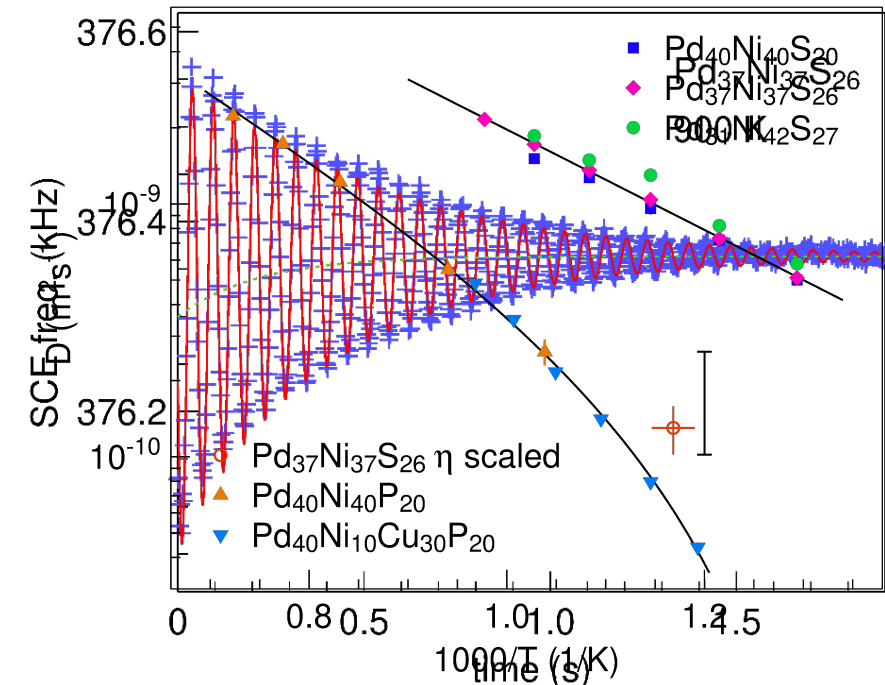
- pull-up from 6100 m above sea-level to 8500 m
- 21 seconds of *free fall*, 31 parabolas per flight day
- 10 – 15 experiments, about 40 participants

Accurate Thermophysical Property Data of Liquid Alloys

chemically reactive metallic melts, deep undercooling



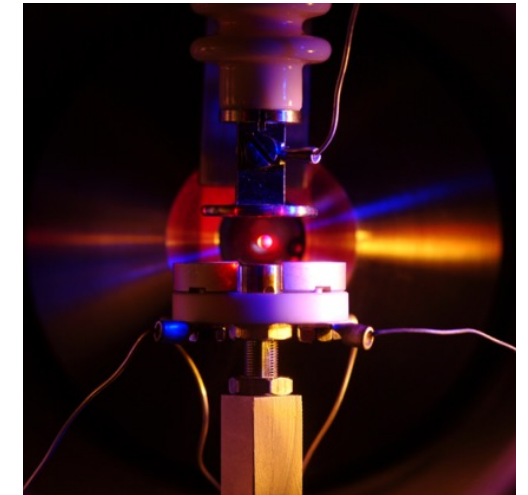
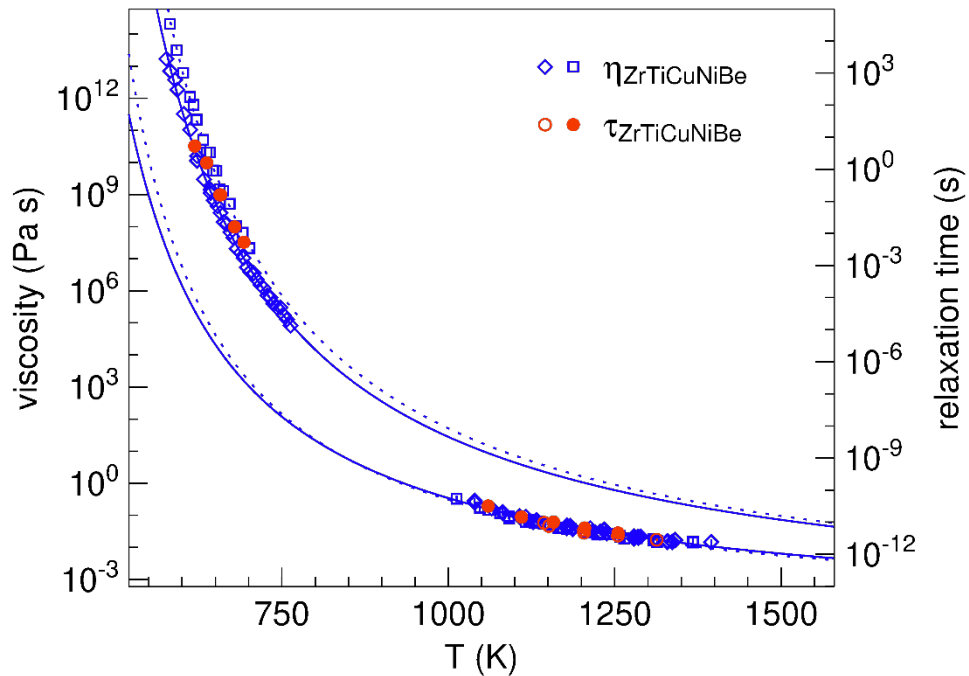
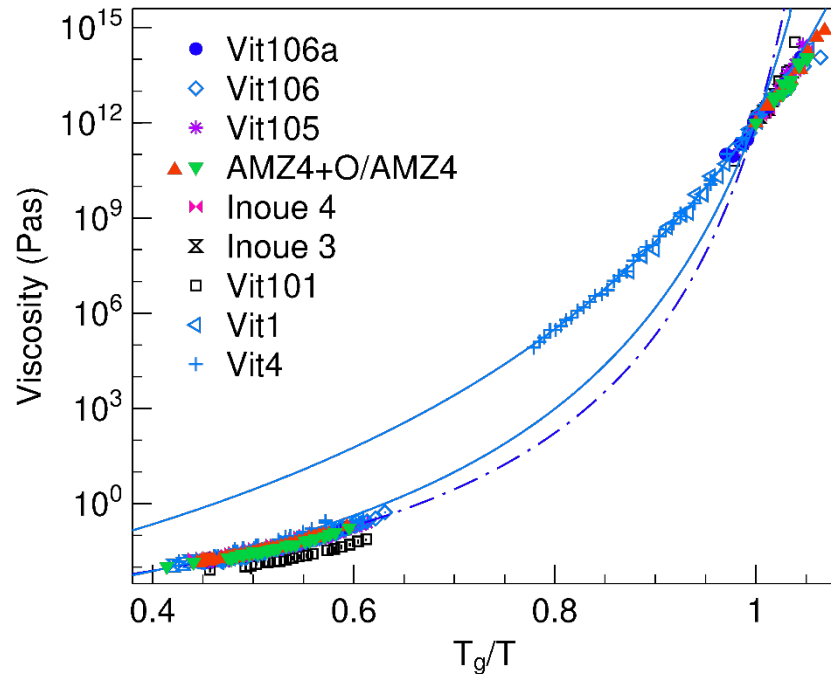
freely suspended
oscillating droplet



- TEMPUS with SCE (inductance sample coupling electronic): measurement of various melt properties
- oscillating droplet technique: *benchmarking* ground-based viscosity measurements
- Novel Pd-Ni-S alloys:
comparison to diffusion data (QENS - NEAT) indicates a strong decoupling of component diffusivities

Structure – Property Relations in Glass-Forming Metals

origin of dynamics mismatch in Zr-based alloys

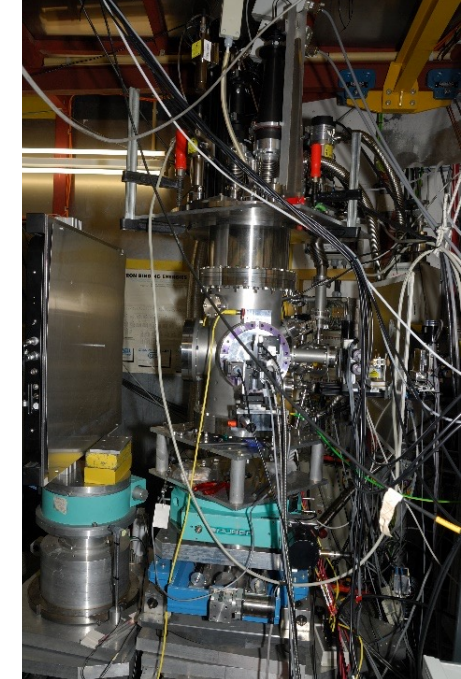
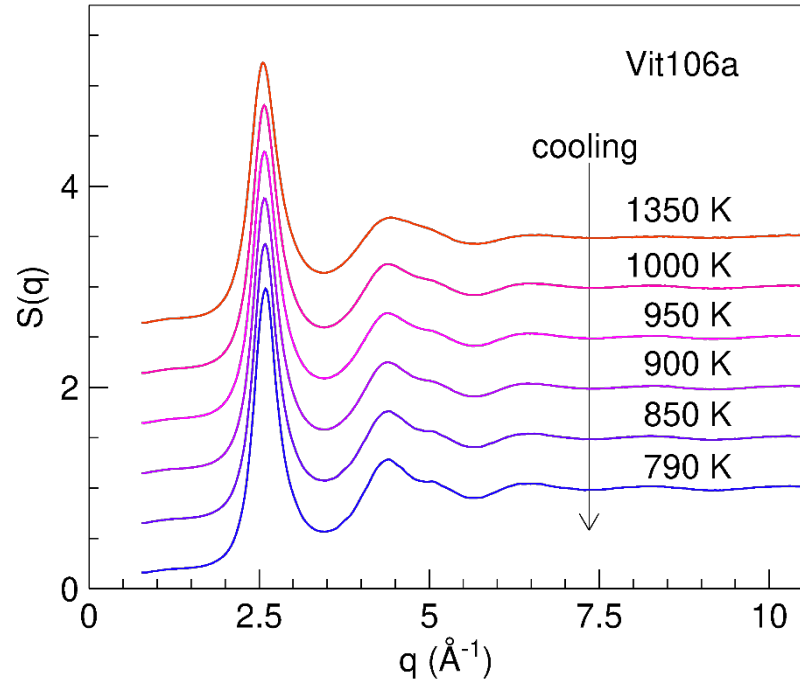


ESL: oscillating droplet technique

- measurements of viscosity from the liquid to the glass transition with various techniques; relaxation times with XPCS (P10 PETRA-III) and QENS (FRM-II)
- in undercooled melts: *mismatch* found in Zr-based glass-forming alloys: ~ 1 order of magnitude
- *structural origin* and mechanism? liquid-liquid transition?

Structure – Property Relations in Glass-Forming Metals

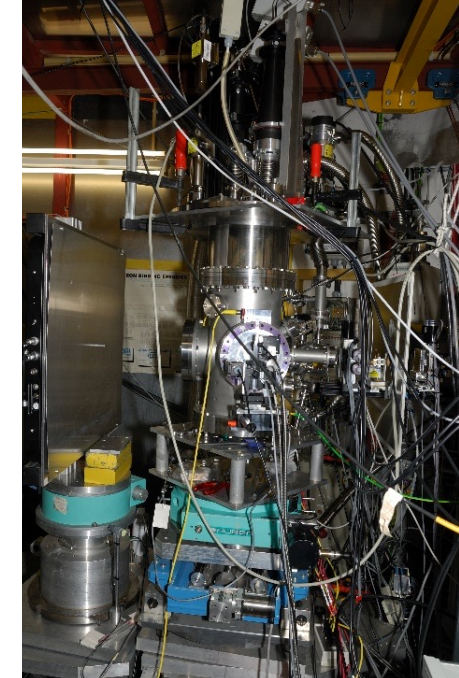
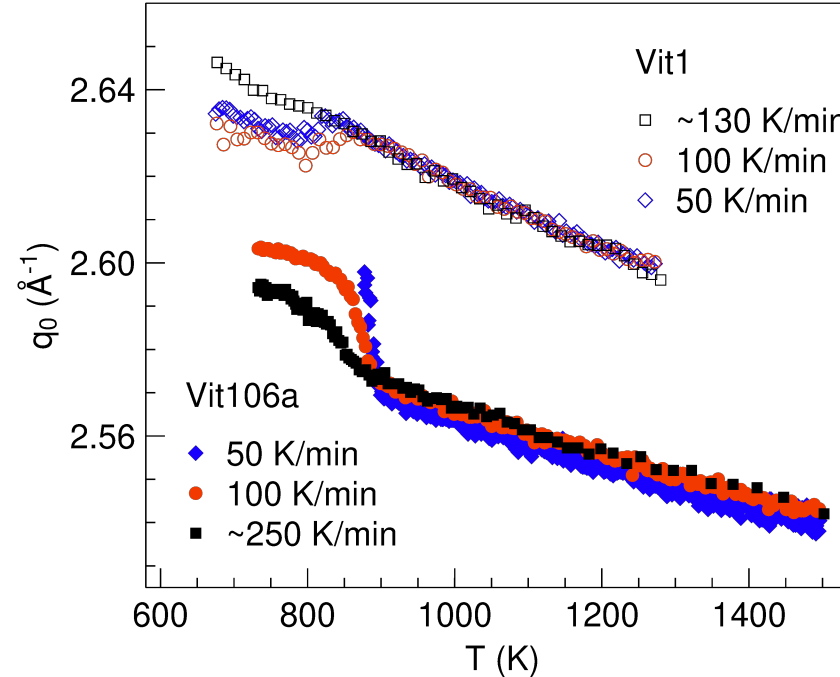
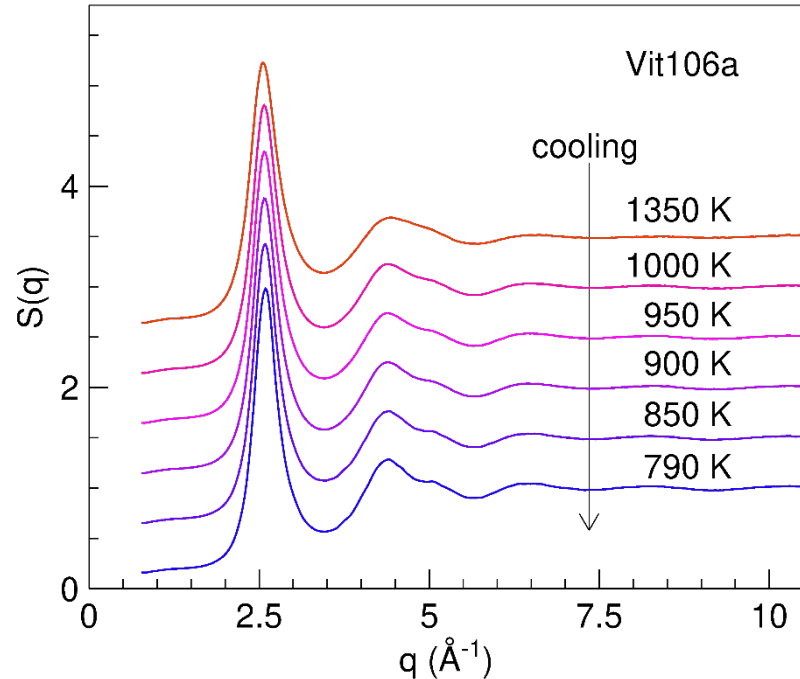
origin of dynamics mismatch in Zr-based alloys



- electrostatic levitation *enables* measurements from the liquid to the glass on Zr-based BMG's
- structural changes in the undercooled melts *revealed* by X-ray diffraction at PETRA III
- consistent, corresponding feature in the heat capacity

Structure – Property Relations in Glass-Forming Metals

origin of dynamics mismatch in Zr-based alloys



- controlled heating/cooling during synchrotron ESL levitation experiment
- no heating rate dependent transition temperature, transition time ~ 30 s; *diffusion* length of 10-100 nm
- *requires* long range mass transport and significant structural changes; recently confirmed by SAXS at P21.2 PETRA -III

Diffusion Measurements on Multicomponent Alloys in Space

ATLAS experiments for
diffusion in liquid alloys
aboard satellite

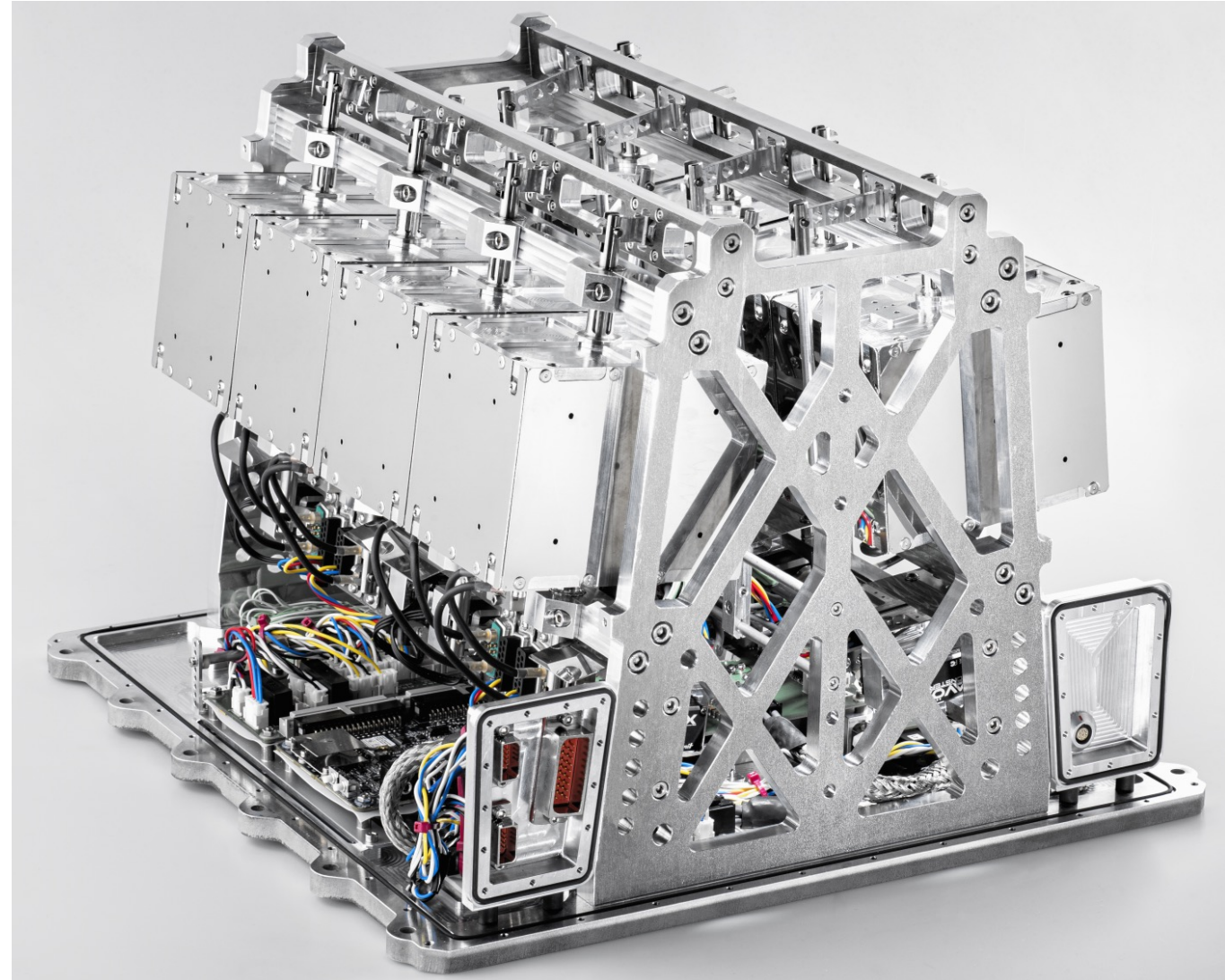
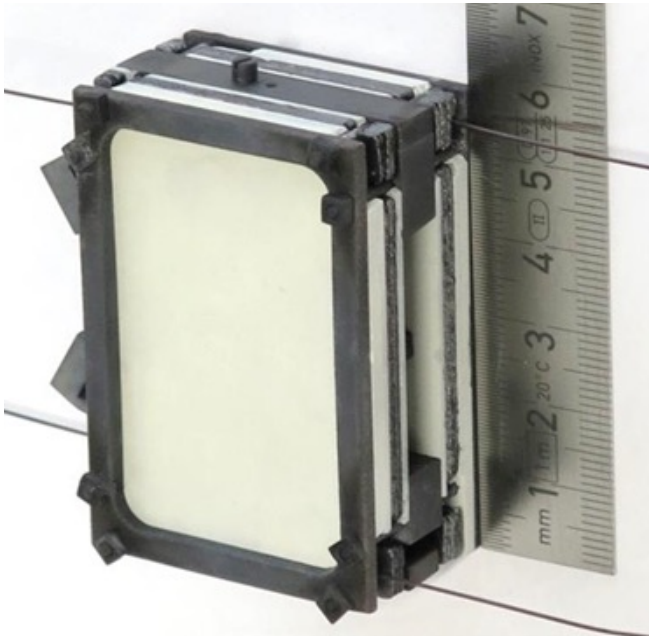
Designed by:
Marc Engelhardt
Michael Balter
Patrick Staden
Tobias Aumüller
Jörg Drescher

ATLAS – Atomic Transport in Liquid Alloys in Space

on orbital platform

multi-slice shear-cell furnace:

- long term annealing up to 1000°C
- thermodiffusion, inter- and self-diffusion measurements
- multicomponent materials



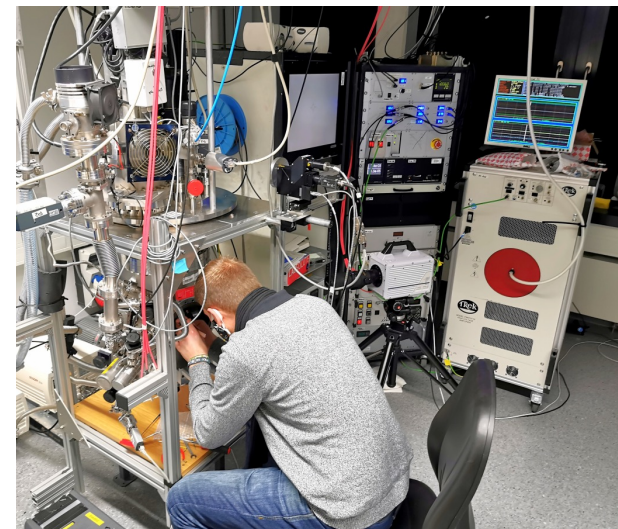
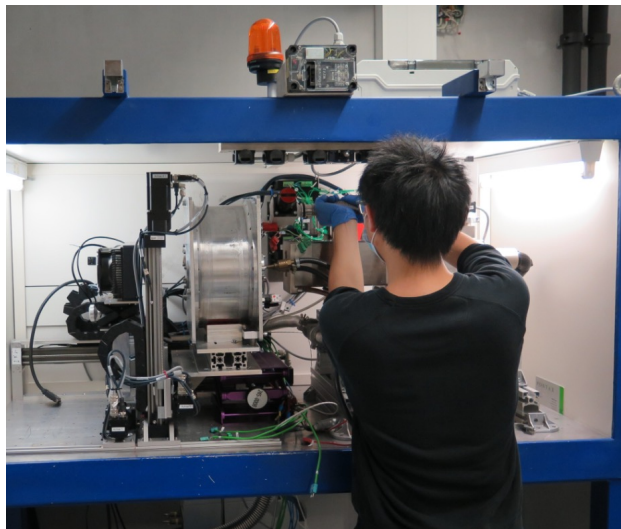
Conclusions

accurate measurements of liquid properties:

- self diffusion by quasielastic neutron scattering
- interdiffusion by X-ray and neutron radiography
- viscosity by levitation techniques
- *benchmark experiments in microgravity*
- (partial-) structure factors – levitated droplets

diffusion in liquid metals and alloys

- Stokes-Einstein *not valid* for dense systems
- Darken relation is *oversimplified*: cross terms significant
- *kinetics governs; highly collective* transport mechanism
- accurate coefficients of mass transport are key to an understanding of solidification phenomena



Interatomic Machine Learning Potentials



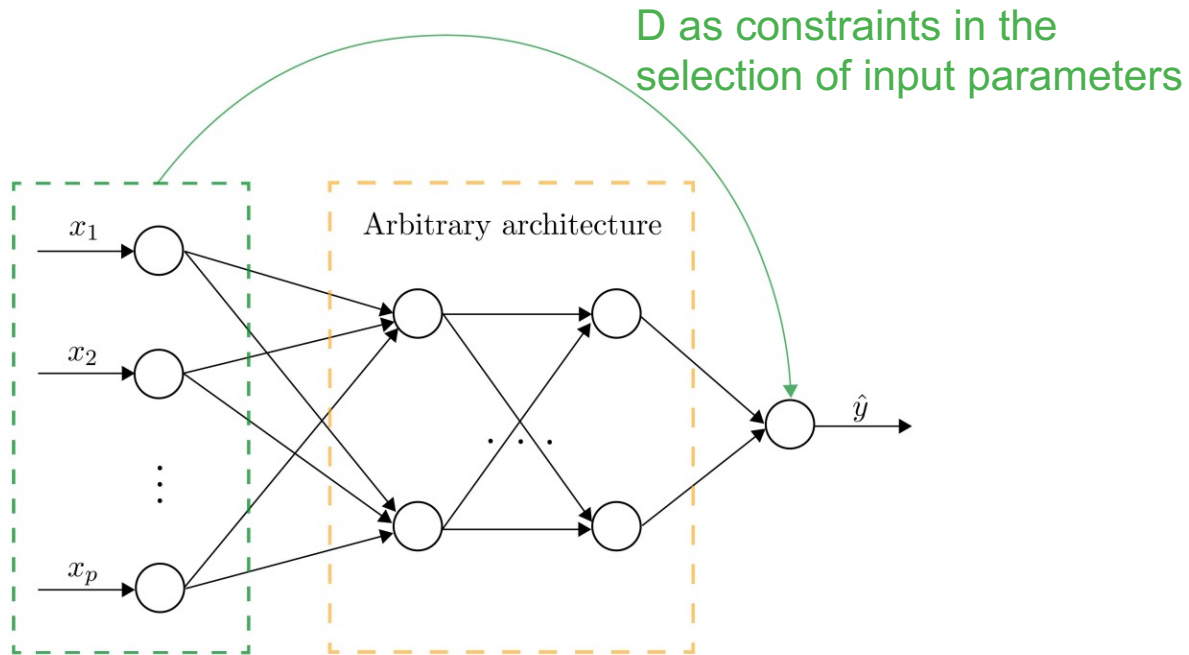
● Simulation snapshot of crystal nucleation

Becker, Devijer, Molinier, Jakse, *Sci. Rep. (Nature)*, 2022

Multidisciplinary Institute of Artificial Intelligence, Université Grenoble Alpes

Interatomic Machine Learning Potentials for Metallic Melts

introduce diffusion coefficients D in the training procedure



Ab initio database:

x_i : *input* variables describing the local atomic environment

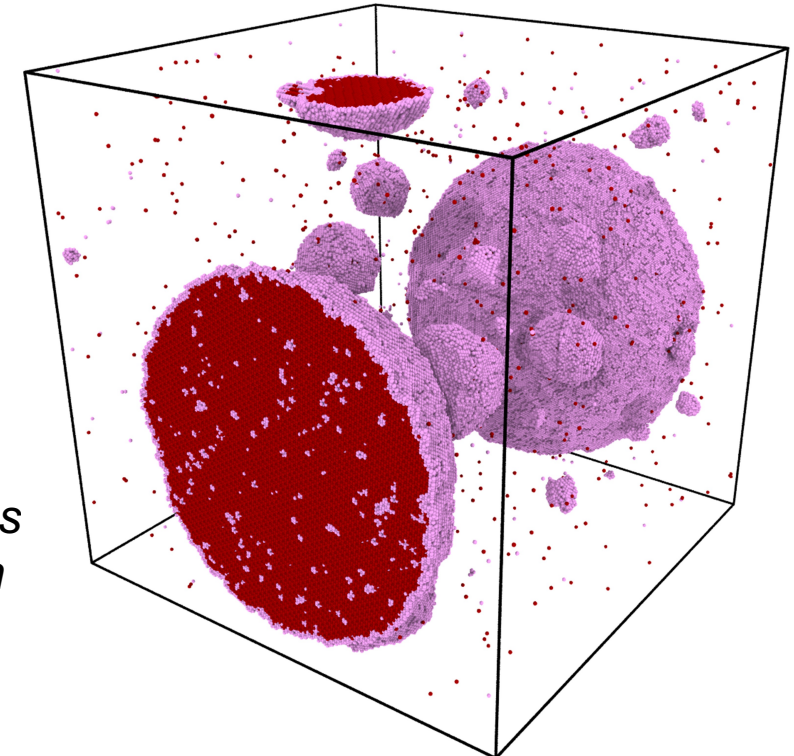
\hat{y} : output energies

Architecture: High Dimensional Neural Network to train with optimal number of input variables

LassoNet : Lemhadri et al., *J. Machine Learning Res.* 22, 1 (2021).

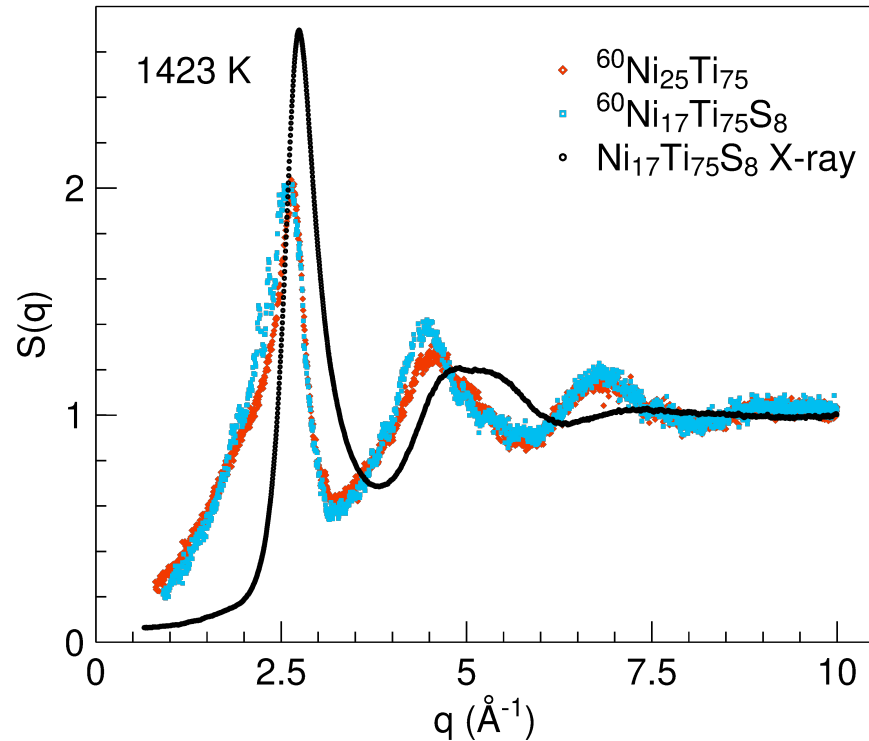
Adaptive Lasso : Dinh et al., (NeurIPS 2020)

- large-scale simulations up to 10^7 atoms at large time-scales (10^{-6} s): solidification phenomena reachable
- objective: training procedure gauged by *experimental diffusion coefficients*
➔ *reliable potentials* for MD simulation to model *liquid and solidification in realistic systems*



Ground-based Research with X-rays and Neutrons

partial structure factors and phase formation



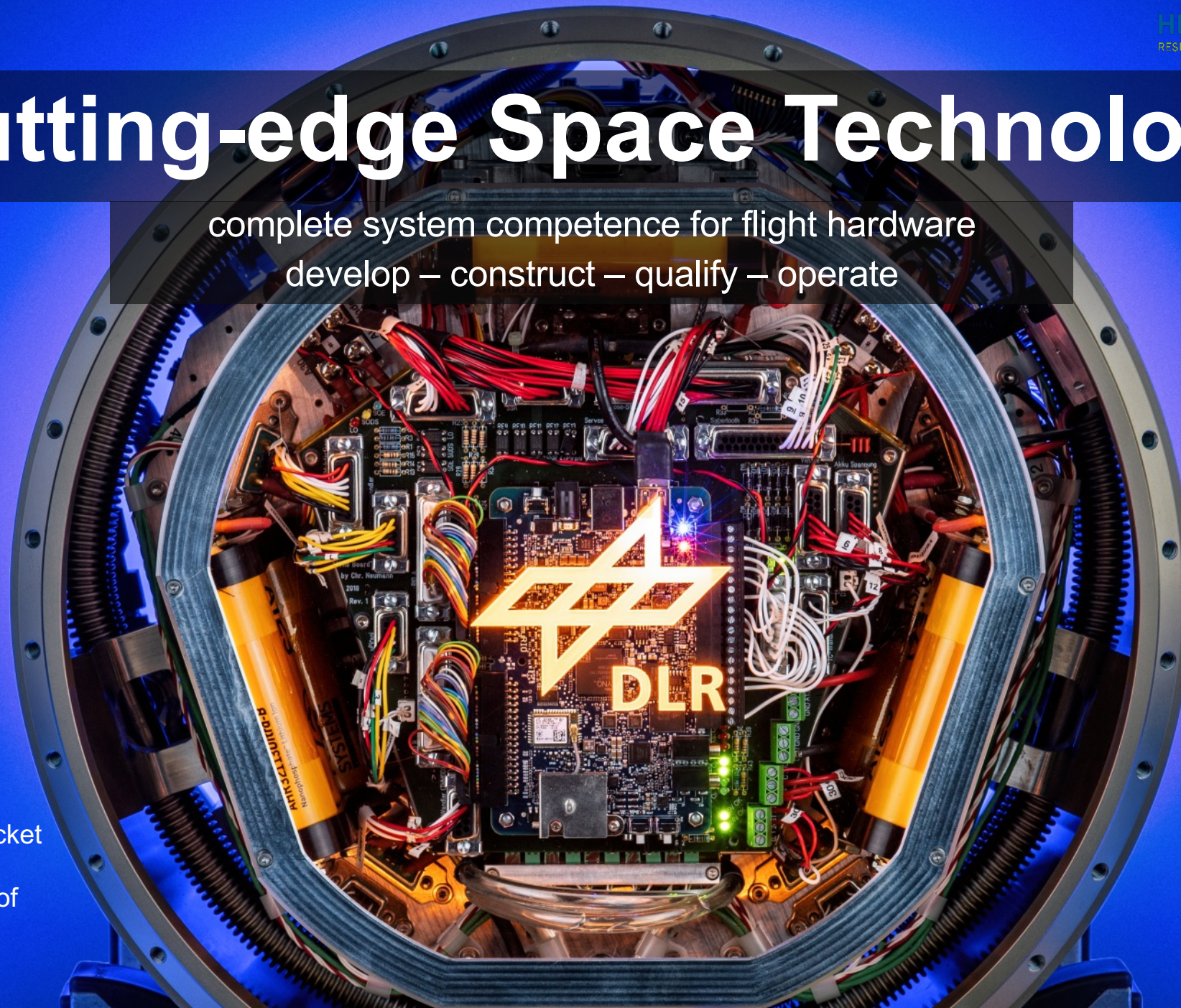
- X-ray / neutron diffraction; Ni isotopes
- melt structure and solidification behavior of novel glass-forming alloys *containing Sulfur*



Spin-off from MAPHEUS:
Compact plug+play levitator (Synchrotron/Neutron Sources)

Cutting-edge Space Technology

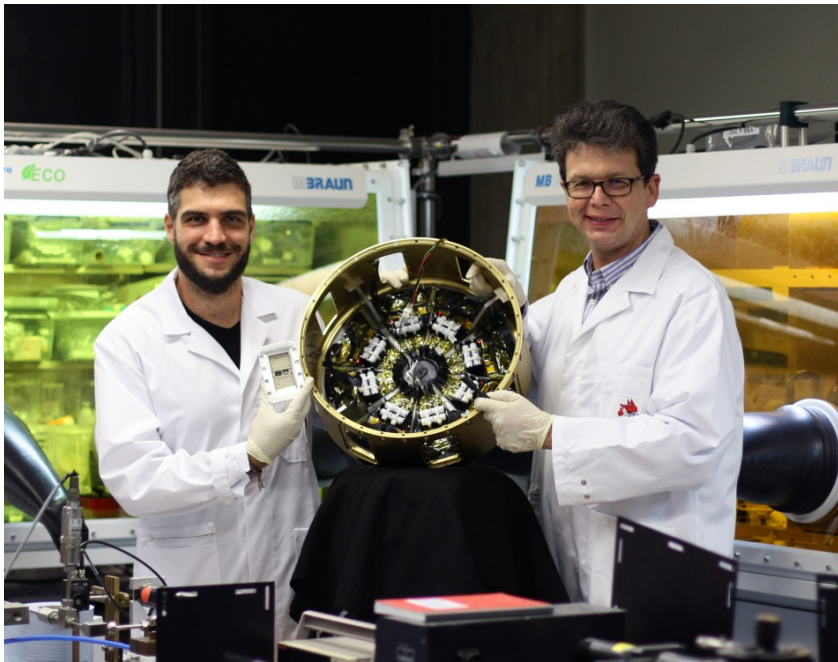
complete system competence for flight hardware
develop – construct – qualify – operate



MAPHEUS sounding rocket
ARTEC experiment for
directional solidification of
Aluminum cast alloys

Materials Physics in Space

- *integrated ground-based program* in combination with *key experiments under space conditions*
- *continuous development* of novel measurement techniques and advanced processing technologies
- *unprecedented experimental capabilities* in the upcoming years



joint organic solar cell experiment with TUM



3d printing in space
and in-situ with X-rays



experiment qualification at CAST

Research with Neutrons

- *key experiments with neutrons* in combination with an *integrated in-house program*
- *continuous development* of novel technologies and advanced sample environments
- *unprecedented experimental capabilities* in the upcoming years



ILL7 guide hall - Chartreuse



ILL7 guide hall - Vercors



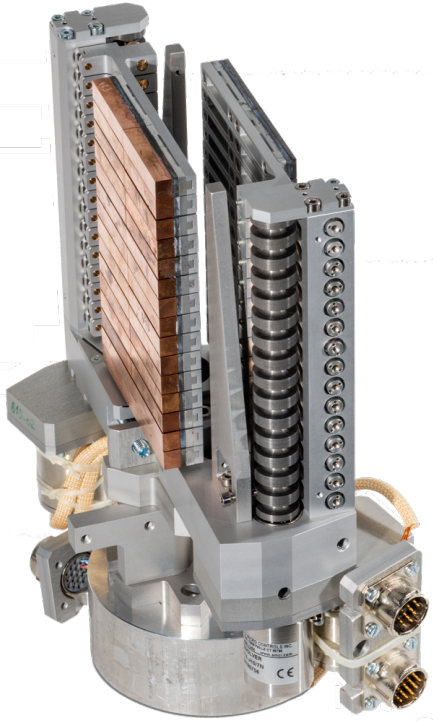
ILL22 guide hall - NEXT



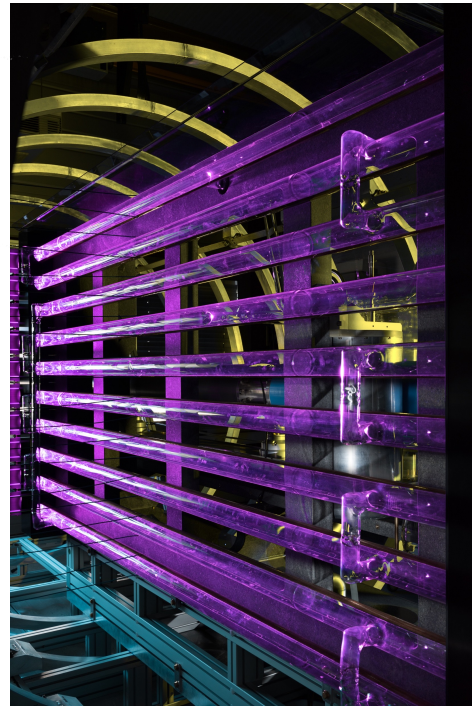
ILL5 H1H2

Research with Neutrons

- *key experiments with neutrons* in combination with an *integrated in-house program*
- *continuous development* of novel technologies and advanced sample environments
- *unprecedented experimental capabilities* in the upcoming years



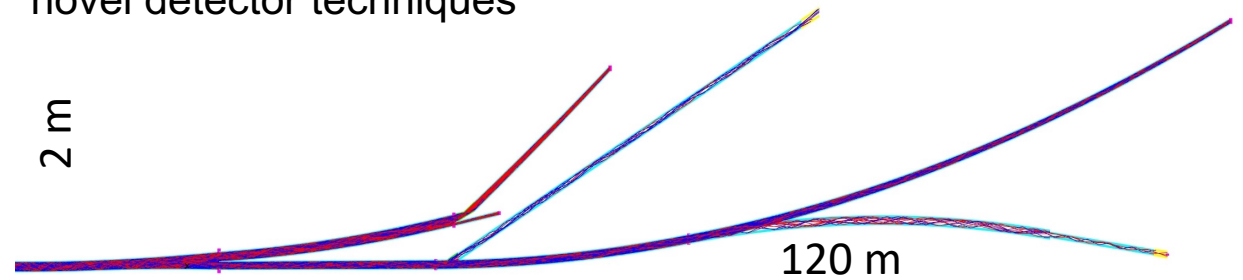
new monochromators



enhanced polarization capabilities



novel detector techniques



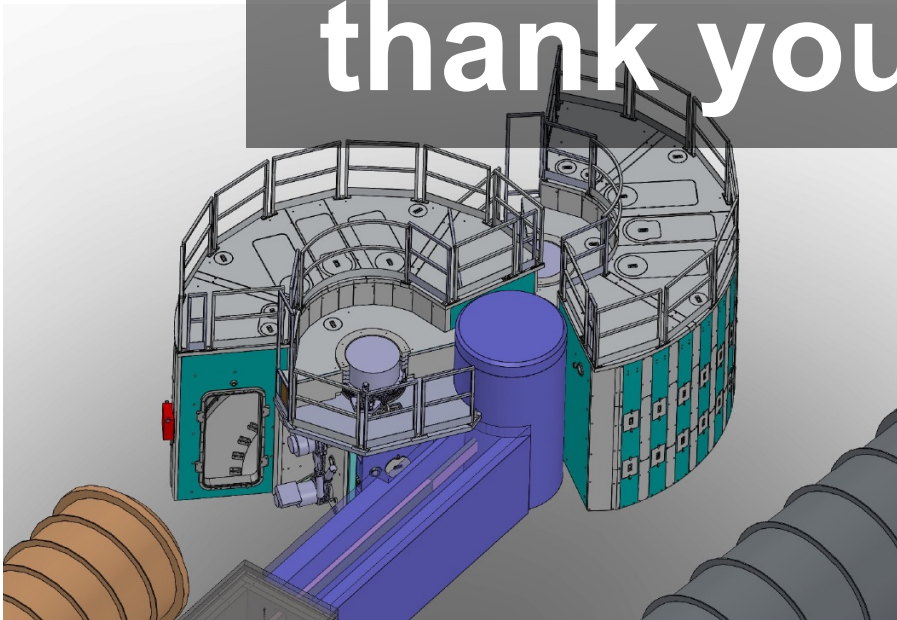
advanced guides

Research with Neutrons

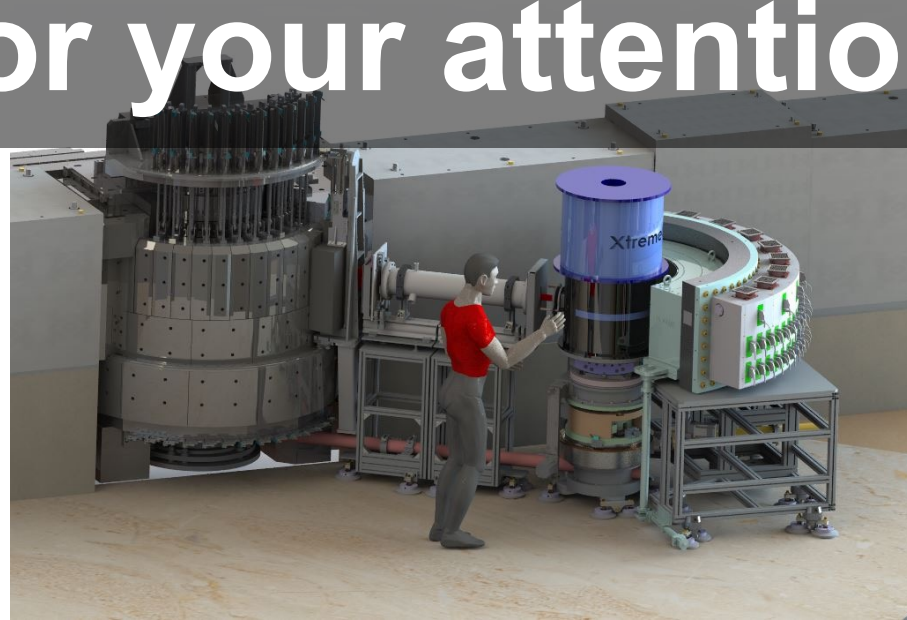
- *key experiments with neutrons* in combination with an *integrated in-house program*
- *continuous development* of novel measurement techniques and advanced sample environments
- *unprecedented experimental capabilities* in the upcoming years

Numerous new / upgraded instruments

thank you for your attention



SHARP+ ToF spectrometer



XtremeD diffractometer